

MinnesotaCare:

Follow §0911.09.03 (Self-Employment Income) and §0911.09.03.03 (Self-Employment Income--MinnesotaCare).

MA and GAMC:

If a client receives payments for lodging, meals, or related services from people living in the client's home, the income is roomer/boarder income. Households with roomer/boarder income are self-employed. Count the income as earned income.

- < A roomer lives with the household and pays for lodging only.
- < A boarder eats with the household and pays for meals only.
- < A roomer and boarder lives AND eats with the household and pays for lodging AND meals.

Roomer/boarder income is different from rental property or from shared living expense income. For information on rental property income, see §0911.09.03.13 (Rental Income). For information on shared living expense income, see §0911.05 (Excluded Income).

METHOD A:

Allow a flat rate deduction for each roomer/boarder:

- < Roomer: \$71 per month.
- < Boarder: \$152 effective 10/01/2005
\$149 effective 10/01/2004
\$141 effective 10/01/2003
- < Roomer plus boarder:
\$223 effective 10/01/2005
\$220 effective 10/01/2004
\$212 effective 10/01/2003

Subtract the flat rate deduction for each roomer/boarder from total roomer/boarder income to get gross self-employment income.

METHOD B:

Allow the following expenses for a roomer/boarder:

ROOMER/BOARDER INCOME

0911.09.03.17

- < Roomer: The verified expense of providing the room.
- < Boarder: The verified expense of providing the food.
- < Roomer and boarder: The verified expense of providing the room and board.

Deduct expenses, up to the amount of the income, to get gross self-employment income. To determine the expense of providing a room, prorate the total shelter expenses based on the ratio of the number of rooms for rent to the total rooms in the house. Do not include bathrooms. Do not include attics or basements unless they are converted to living spaces.